






Strategies for REACH Compliance

Chicago
23 March 2012

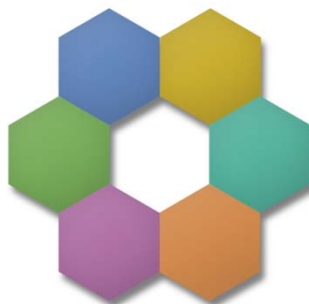


I. INTRODUCTION

-  Who is EcoMundo?
-  Why REACH affects U.S. companies?
-  The basics to understand REACH

II. COMPLIANCE ACTION PLAN: THE 6 FACETS OF REACH

Registration of your substances
SVHC traceability & management
Safety Data Sheets (SDS)



Substances versus regulations
Exposure to chemicals
GHS / CLP compliance

III. QUESTIONS & SOLUTIONS

A decorative pattern of light gray hexagons and polygons arranged in a honeycomb-like structure, located at the top of the slide.

Who is EcoMundo?

A decorative pattern of light gray hexagons and polygons arranged in a honeycomb-like structure, located at the bottom of the slide.

Speakers



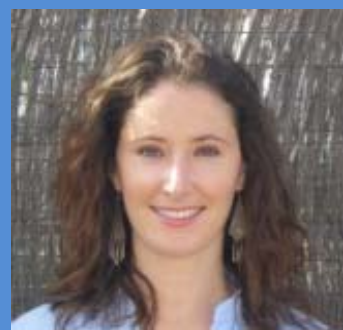
Pierre Garçon
President of
EcoMundo



Olivier Le Curieux-Belfond
Scientific, Technical &
Regulatory expert

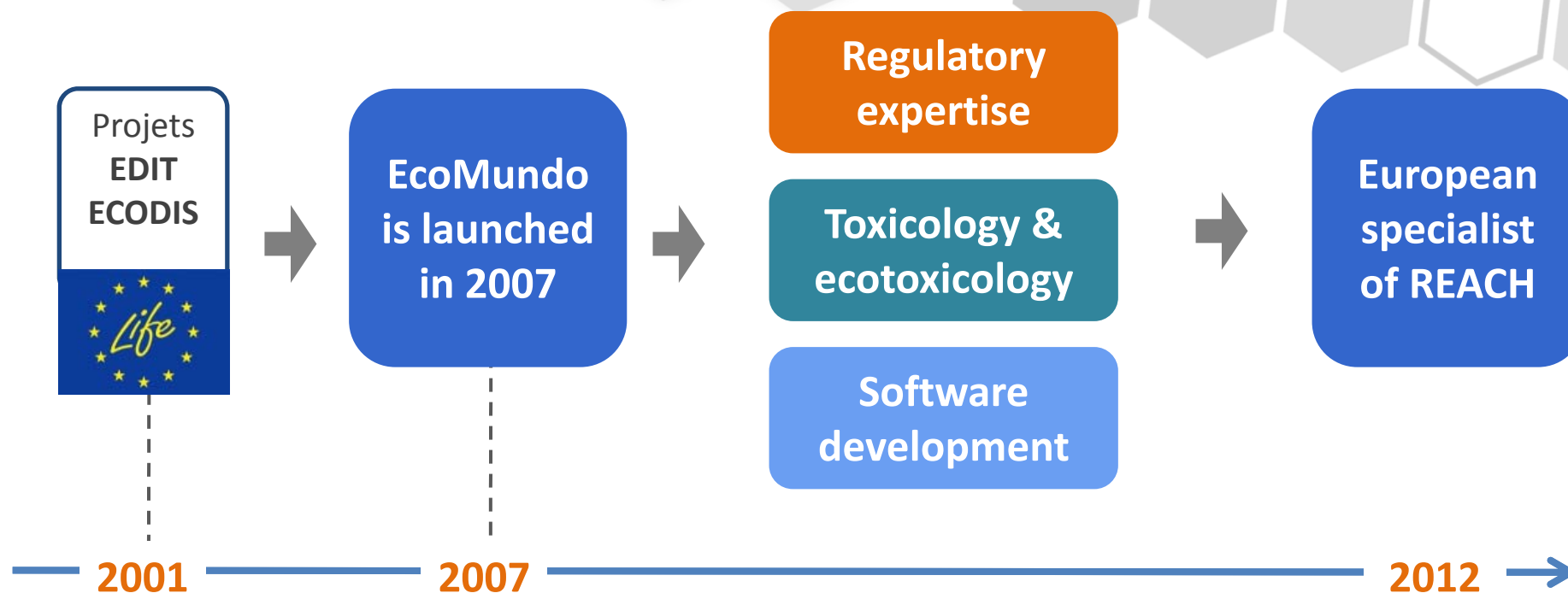


Guillaume Ang
Head of Sales
and REACH
expert



Marie Roussel
Head of
communications

EcoMundo history



STAFF

37 persons of which 9 PhD
for Research & Development

SALES

75 % realized outside of
France

Our solutions

MANUFACTURERS
& IMPORTERS

DOWNSTREAM
USERS

EcoMundo solutions

EXPERT SERVICES

- REACH registration
- Authorisation dossier
- SIEF/Consortium mgt
- Technical expertise
 - LCA innovation
 - Nanomaterials

SOFTWARE

- Substances/regulations
- SVHC management
- CLP compliance
- SDS management
- LCA management

Our international network



SOCMA – Society of Chemical Manufacturers
& Affiliates (USA)



CRIQ – Quebec Industrial Research Center
(Canada)



MMTA – Minor Metal Trade Association
(UK)



AXELERA – Chemistry & environment
(France)

Our customers: small & large

Large international groups

L'ORÉAL®



Small & Medium Enterprises



Family companies



The background of the slide features faint, light gray chemical structures, including various hexagonal and pentagonal rings, some with attached lines representing bonds, scattered across the white background.

REACH affects U.S. companies

U.S. loss of foreign markets



U.S. Genetically Modified (GM) corn exported to Europe

U.S. exports to EU
\$100 million per year (early 90s)

1992 = Introduction of GM corn



U.S. exports to EU
\$8 million per year (mid 90s)

1998 = EU bans GM corn



U.S. beef, with a low level of testing, exported to Europe and Japan

U.S. total exports
\$3 billion per year (2000 to 2003)

2003 = mad cow disease in the U.S

2004 = level of testing advised by Japan & Europe rejected by U.S.



U.S. exports = **\$550 million** (2004)



Don't miss REACH and the European Market !

Some key figures

USA

Production

17% of the world's chemicals (2010)

Sales

€395 billion (2010)

Market

309 million people (2010)

Regulations

TSCA
OHSA

EUROPE

Production

21% of the world's chemicals (2010)

Sales

€454 billion (2010)

Market

Currently 27 + 3 countries
570 million people (2011)

Regulation

REACH

U.S. exports of
Chemicals to Europe
= \$14 billion/year

Cost of REACH
compliance
\$14 million/year

Before REACH: the chaos !

BEFORE

More than 40
interlocking regulations

Classification & Labelling

Dir. 67/548

Dir. 99/45

NOW

REACH regulation

CLP regulation
(based on the GHS)

Consequences of REACH for U.S.

1

New safety information
available on the net

2

New restrictions
on chemicals

3

A driver for exports of safer
chemicals to Europe

4

Reform of US chemicals
policy



3 reasons to be « REACH COMPLIANT »

1

Market opportunity

FEWER export competitors thanks to REACH

2

Strengthen your customers portfolio

Generate customer LOYALTY in Europe

3

Be competitive for other markets than Europe

REACH seen as the highest standard



PREPARE FOR REACH NOW

REACH is going GLOBAL

The context of REACH extends to international level

U.S.A.

Safe Chemicals Act in place in 2013?

CHINA

A regulation is already in place

TURKEY

Regulation in place since 2011



IMPOSSIBLE TO ESCAPE FROM REACH

What does REACH stand for?

Registration { Who manufactures /imports? **Impacts?**

Evaluation { **Verification** of dossiers by ECHA

Authorisation { Use of SVHC with **special permission** only

and **R**estriction of { Complete **ban** of certain substances or use cases

Chemicals

OBLIGATION

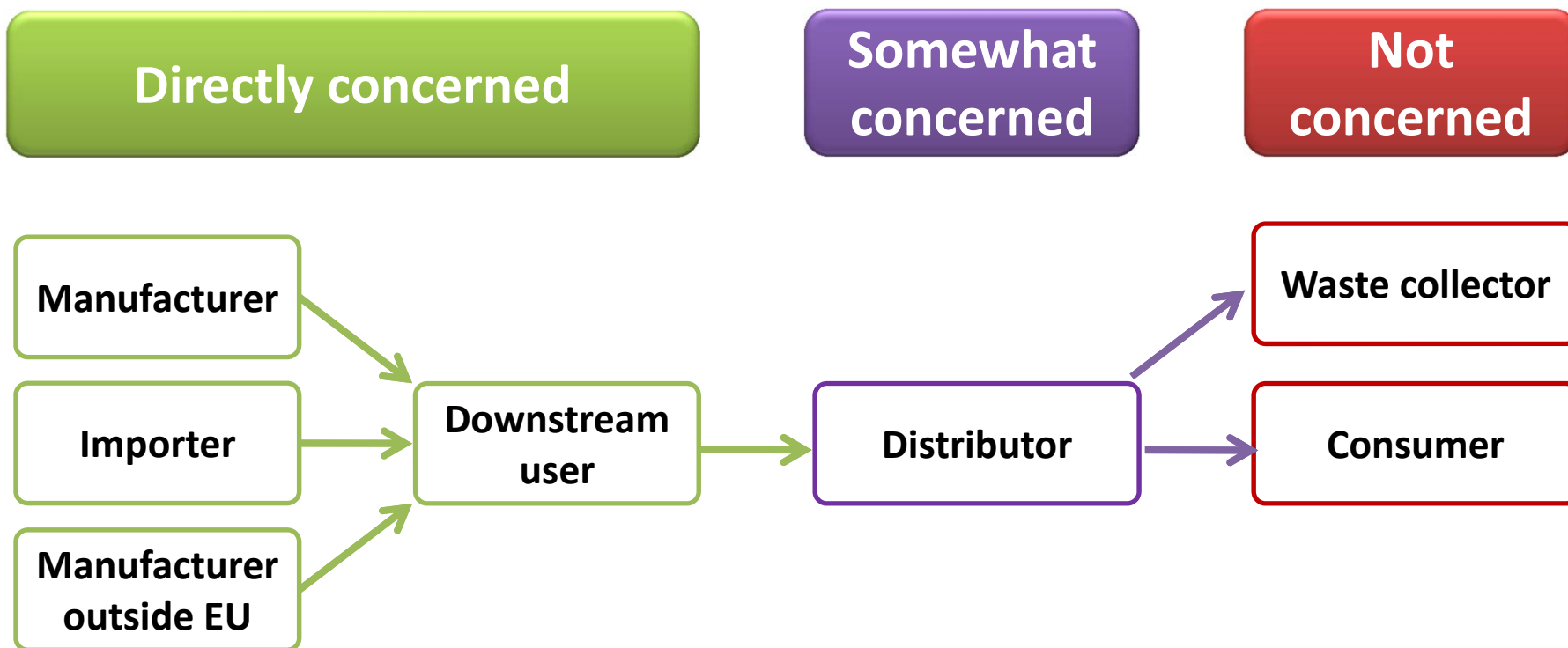
REACH requires that all chemical substances **manufactured in the EU or imported to the EU** at quantities of at least **one metric tonne per year** be registered.



NO DATA = NO MARKET

Actors concerned by REACH

The all supply chain is impacted



The background of the slide is white and features several faint, light gray chemical structures. These structures are composed of interconnected hexagons and pentagons, resembling molecular frameworks or honeycomb patterns. They are scattered across the top and bottom of the slide, framing the central text.

REACH: the basics

The 3 key principles of REACH

1

“No data, No market”

No business without registration of key data

1 bis

“No Use Cases, No market”

2

The burden of proof is reversed

Chemicals are considered suspect until industry proves they are innocent

3

Traceability & communication within the supply chain

Exchange of data becomes key between companies

**27 countries
since 2007**

Candidates:

- Croatia
- Turkey
- Macedonia
- Island
- Montenegro
- Serbia



Key products under REACH



Substance

Chemical element and its compounds

Examples: acid, pigment, pure metals, etc.



Mixture

Solution composed of 2 or more substances

Examples: paint, cream, etc.



Article

Object with a specific shape, surface or design

Examples: phone, metallic tube, etc.

Key dates for the registration

Based on the **annual tonnage** manufactured/imported, and the **risks associated** to the substance:

2010

> 1 000 tonnes

CMR, R50/53*

2013

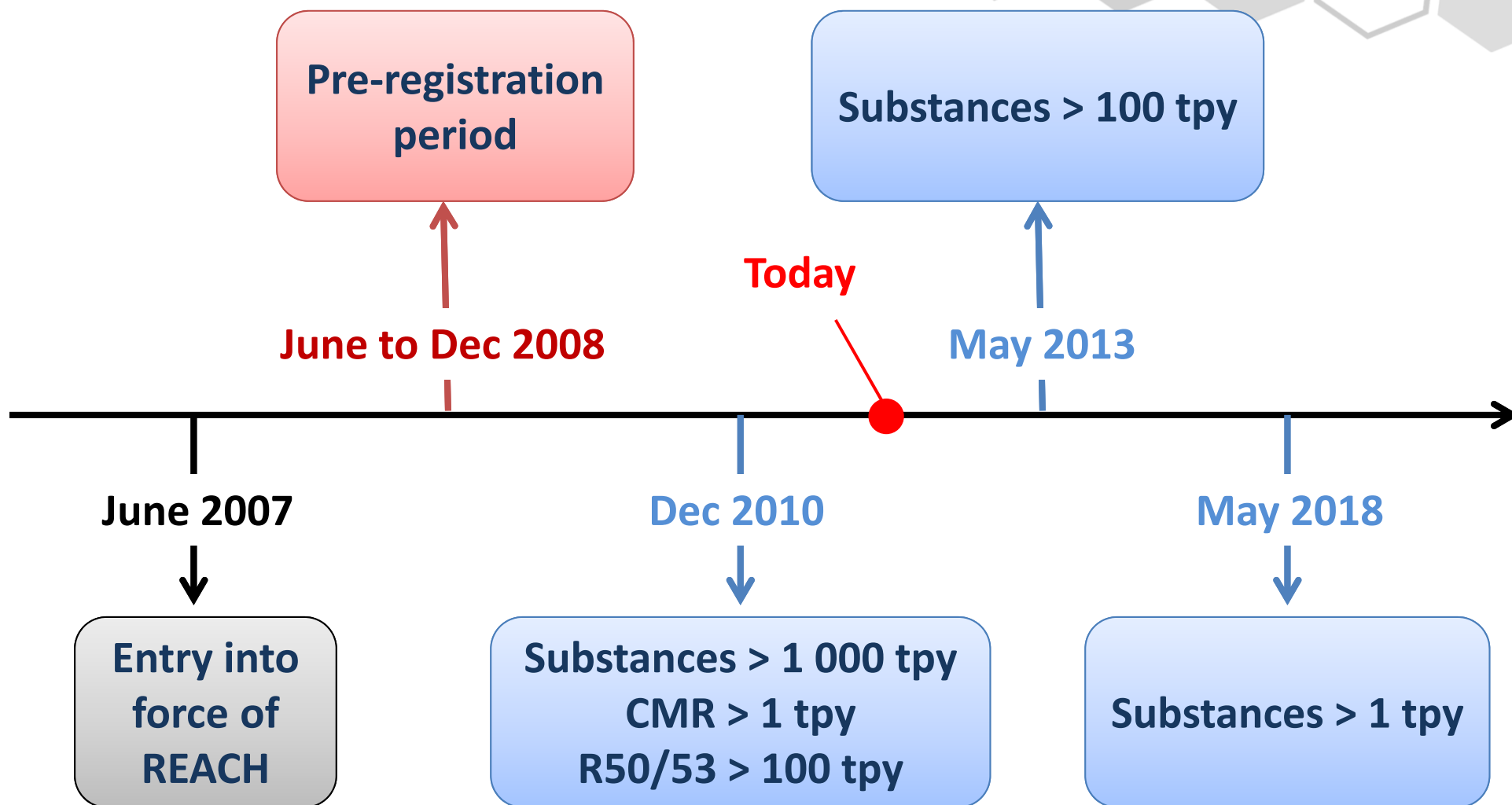
100 to 1 000 tonnes

2018

1 tonne and more

** CMR > 1 tonne per year and R50/53 > 100 tonnes per year*

REACH registration timeline

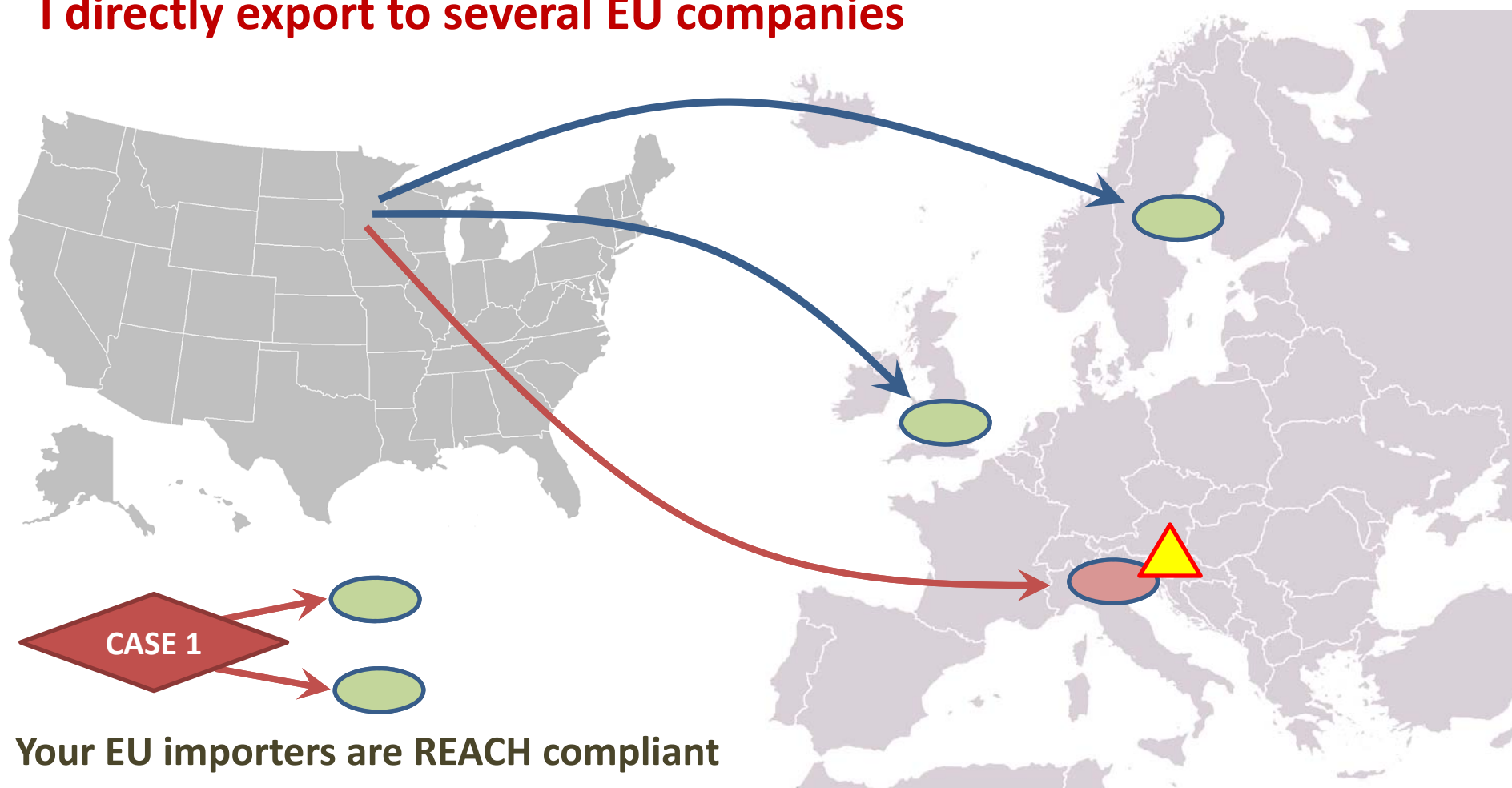


What is your situation > CASE 1

USA

EUROPE

I directly export to several EU companies

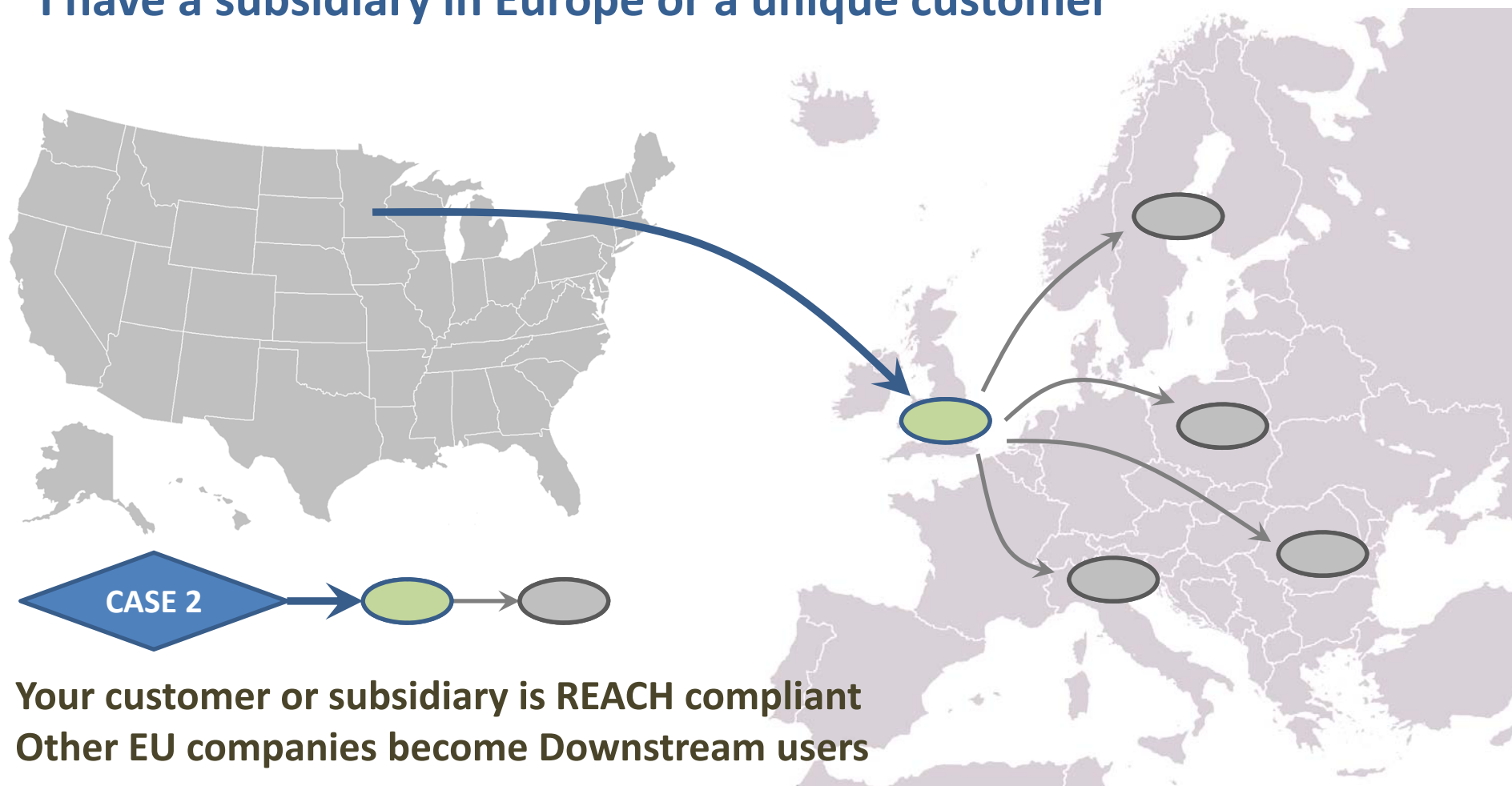


What is your situation > CASE 2

USA

EUROPE

I have a subsidiary in Europe or a unique customer

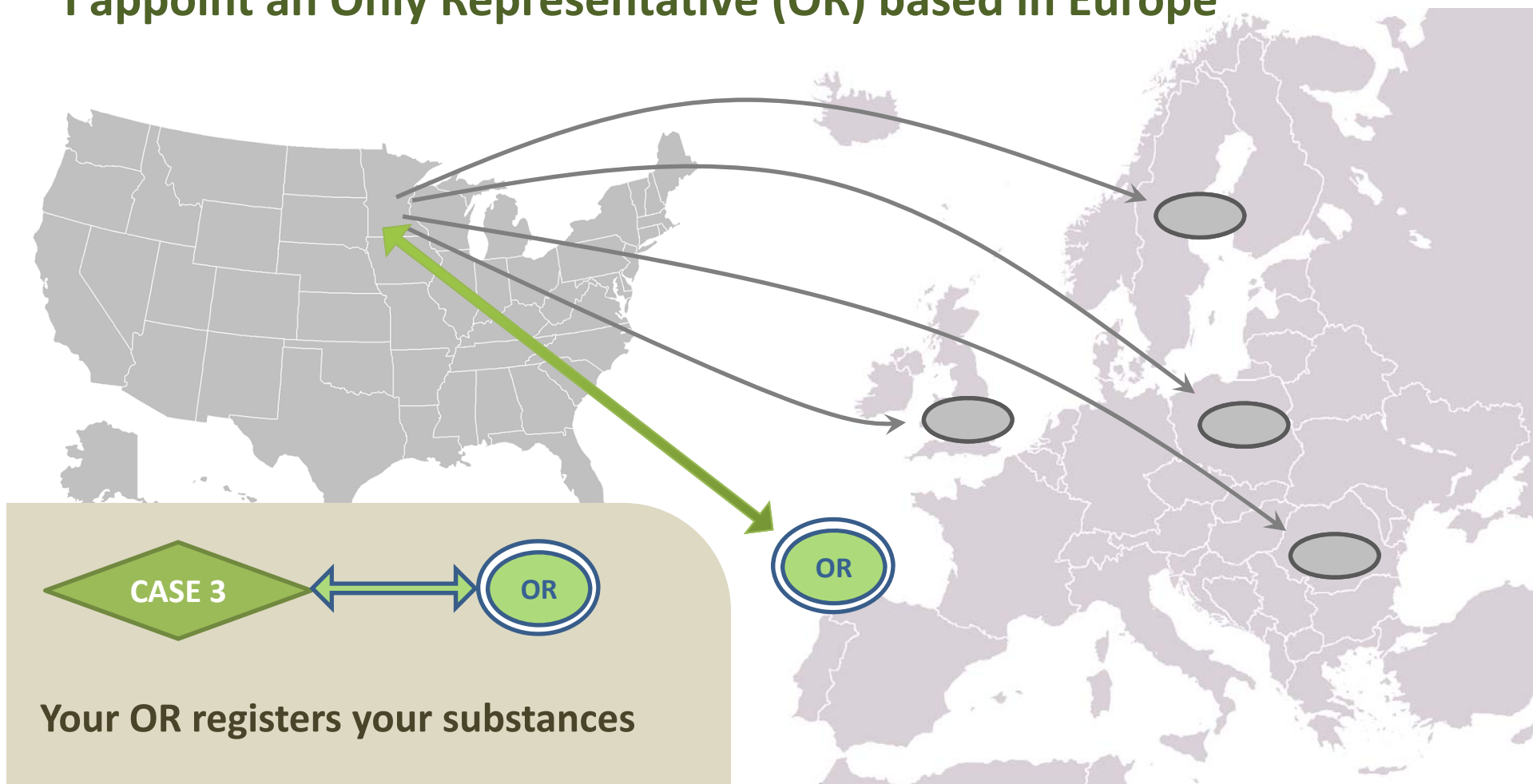


What is your situation > CASE 3

USA

EUROPE

I appoint an Only Representative (OR) based in Europe



U.S. regulatory landscape

Safe Chemicals Act

OHSA

Green Chemistry Initiative

Food Drugs & Cosmetic Act

TSCA

EPA

Proposition 65

OPPT

Safer Consumer Act



COMPLIANCE ACTION PLAN

The 6 facets of REACH

The 6 facets of REACH

1. **Substances/materials & regulations**
2. **Registration** of your substances
3. **GHS / CLP** compliance
4. **Workers' safety**
5. Management of **Safety Data Sheets (SDS)**
6. **SVHC** traceability & authorisation



Substances/materials & Regulations

1.

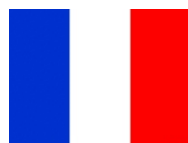
1.1

Inventory of your export portfolio

Know **substances, mixtures & articles** you export



Know the **countries** where you export



Define **international regulations** you need to comply with

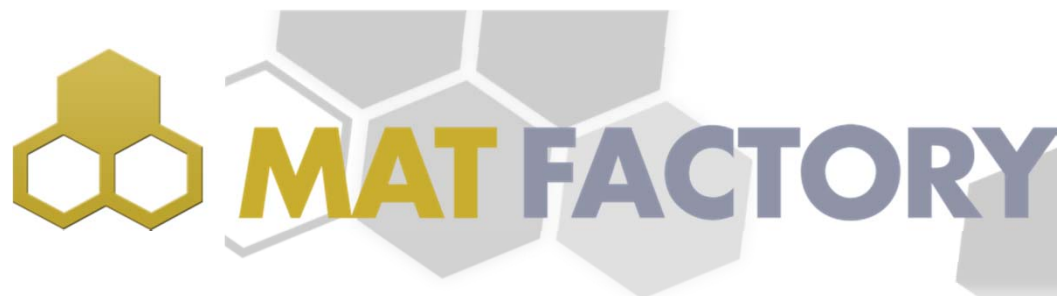
REACH

CEPA

OSHA

GHS/CLP

TSCA

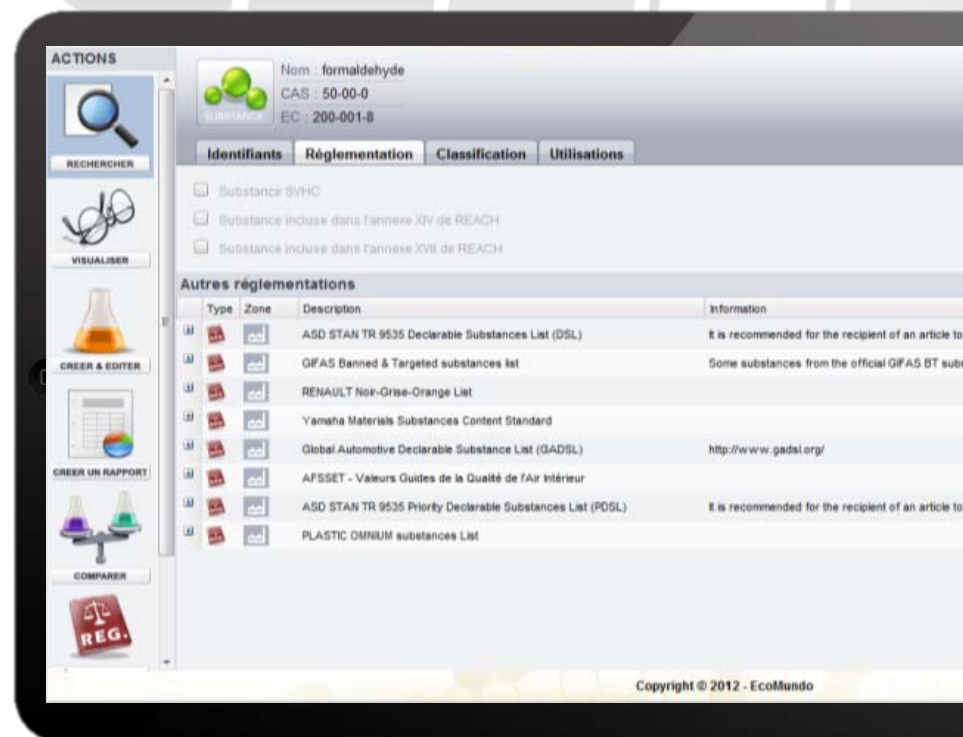


Functionalities

- Search substances, materials & regulations worldwide
- Customize the database
- Receive alerts

Benefits

- Database with more than **100,000 substances**
- Any **international regulations** can be added
- **Real-time** update of regulations





Registration of your substances

2.

2.1

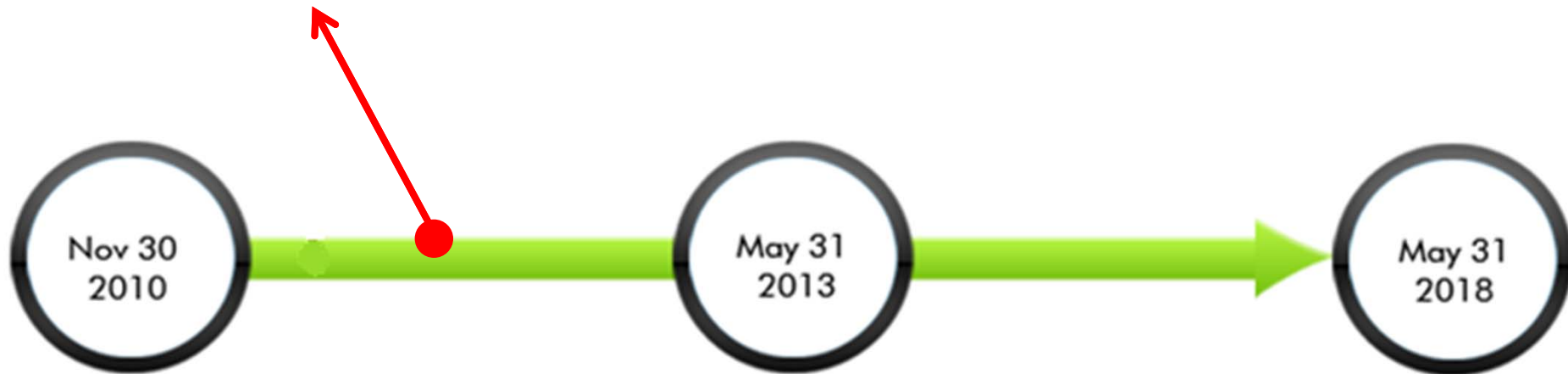
Chemical products exempted from REACH

- Radioactive substances
- Substances that are only transiting through Europe (re-exported)
- Non isolated intermediates
- Transported mixtures considered as very hazardous
- Waste
- Defense substances

2.2

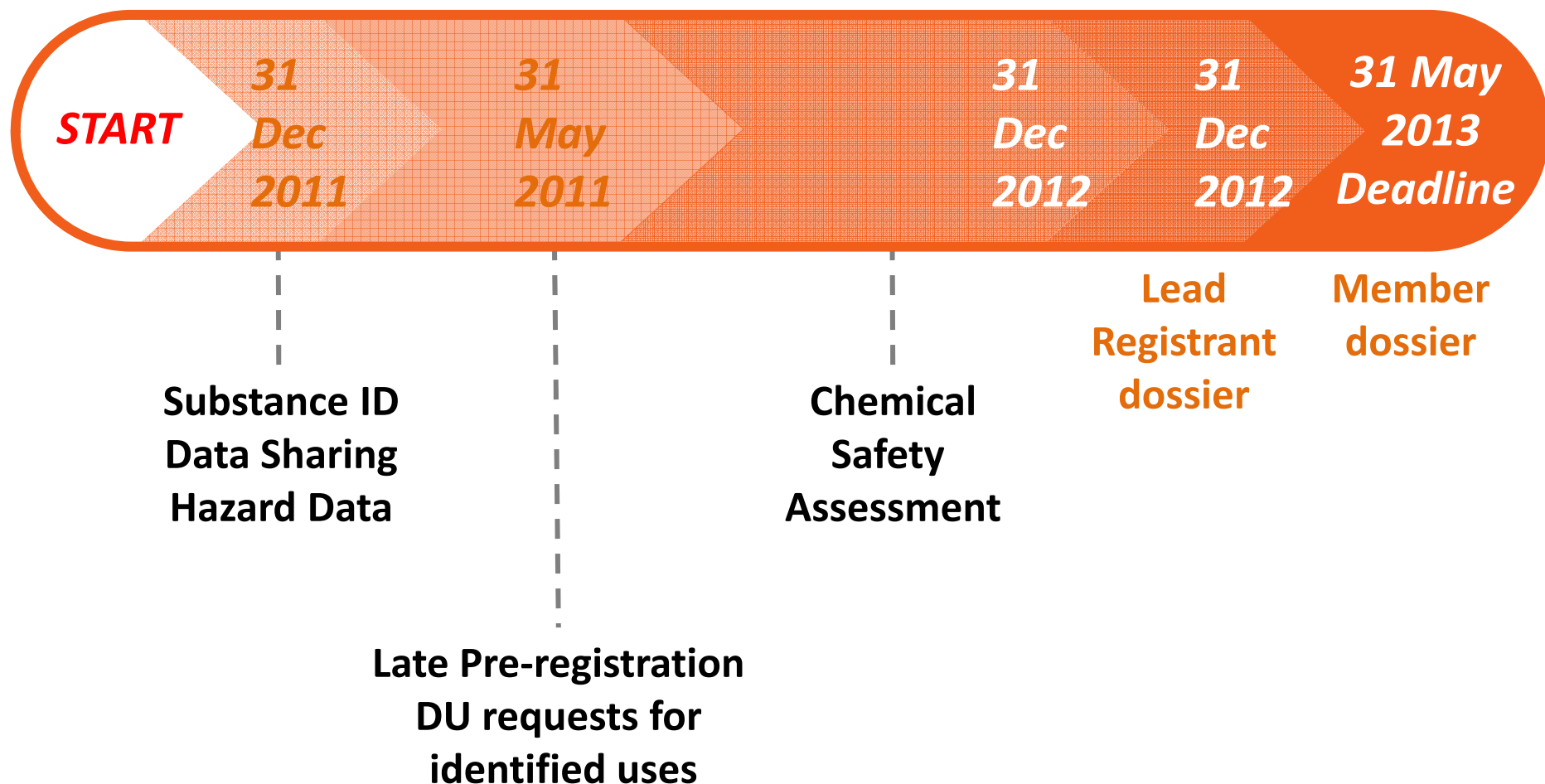
REACH registration: the next deadline

Anticipate > the 2013 registration deadline !



2.3

Timeline for action for 2013 registration



2.4

Appoint an Only Representative (OR)

Do you have a subsidiary in Europe?



YES

Your European subsidiary can do the registration for you

NO



You need to appoint an **Only Representative (OR)** based in Europe

2.5

Pre-registration and registration

Pre-registration

- Ended in December 2008
- Benefit from the 3 deadlines: 2010, 2013 and 2018

Late pre-registration

Submit a pre-registration to ECHA to benefit from the 2013 and 2018 deadlines:

*« within 6 months of first manufacturing, importing or using
the substance in quantities of 1 tonne or more per year
and
no later than 12 months before the relevant deadline »*

2.6

Your interest is to anticipate

**Necessary
actions**

**Risks not to
anticipate**

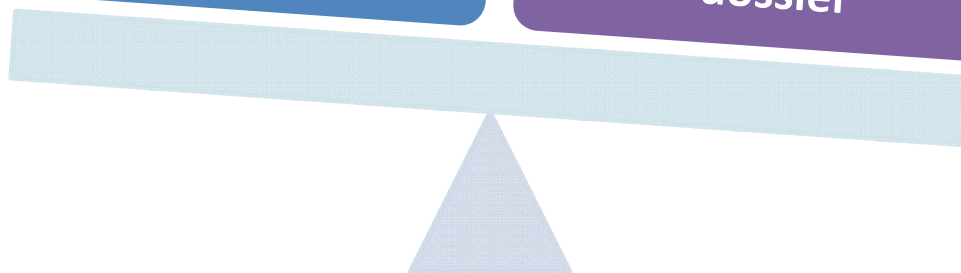
List concerned
substances

Make a passive
monitoring

Register separately!

Must add a CSR

Pay too much for the
dossier



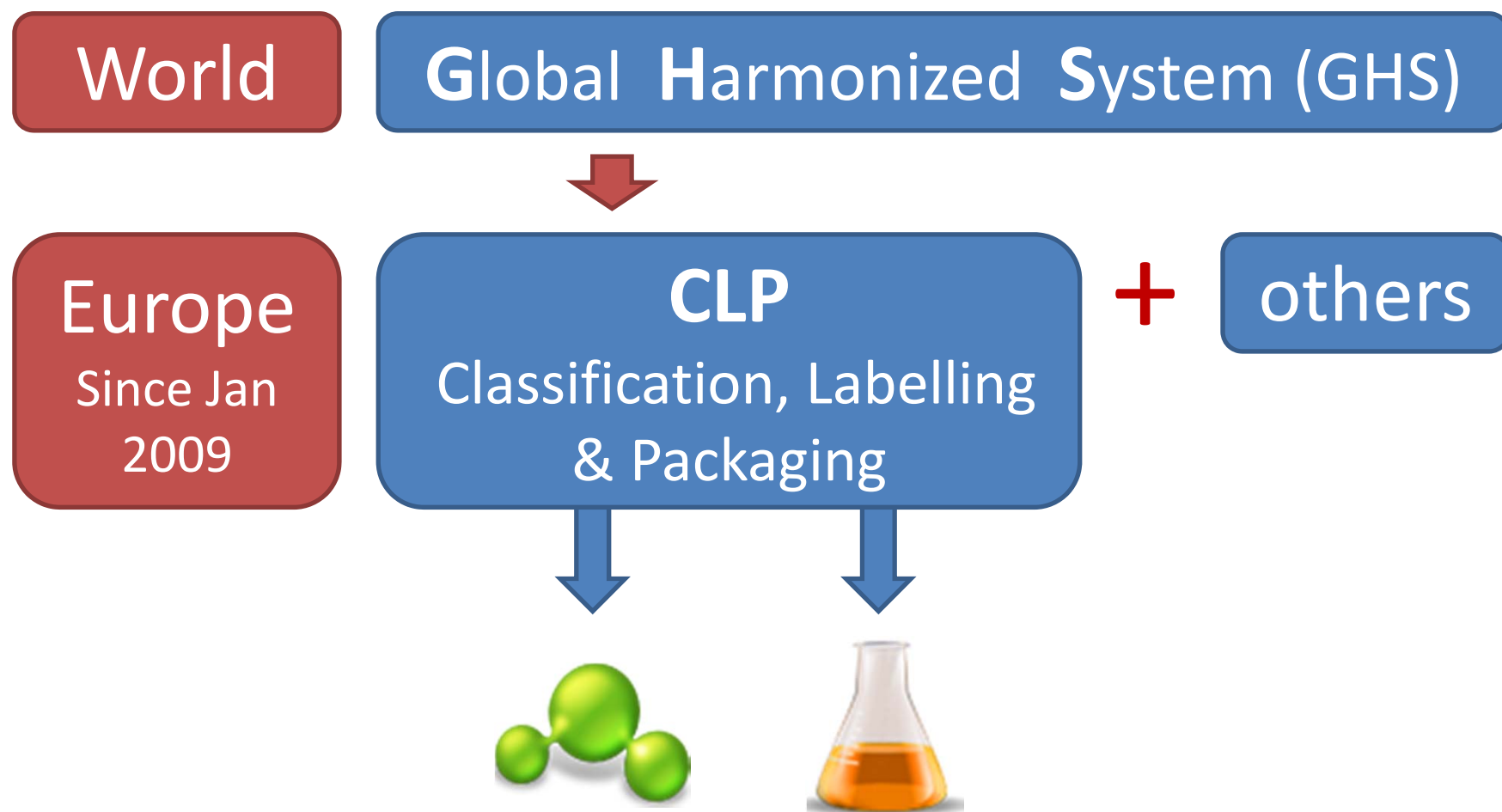


GHS / CLP compliance

3.

3.1

The GHS defines the CLP regulation



3.2

CLP transitional obligations



Classification +
Labelling +
Packaging

December 1st, 2010

Notification

- January 3rd, 2011
- 1 month delay



Classification + Labelling + Packaging

June 1st, 2015

*Substances put on the market before 2010 (et before 2015 for mixtures) benefit from a **2-year period** for compliance.*

3.3

New CLP pictograms



SGH01



SGH02



SGH03



SGH04



SGH05



SGH06



SGH07



SGH08



SGH09

3.4

Benefits of CLP compliance

1. ANTICIPATE

REACH the most demanding standard in the world

2. HARMONIZE

One unique packaging to be used in globally

3. MAKE IT EASY

Smoother passage through customs



The background of the slide is decorated with a pattern of grey hexagons of varying shades, some solid and some outlined, arranged in a honeycomb-like structure.

4.

Workers' safety



4.1

You are also concerned

1

You are responsible for communicating reliable and updated **SAFETY INFORMATION TO YOUR CUSTOMERS**

Exposure Scenarios (ESs) is a principle which becomes widespread
ANTICIPATE !

2

4.2

The Use Descriptor System

For downstream users it is essential to receive from M/I standardized **short titles of exposure scenarios**

Five separate descriptor-lists

- The sector of use category (SU)
- The chemical product category (PC)
- The process category (PROC)
- The environmental release category (ERC)
- The article category (AC)

4.3

Safety Data Sheets, SDS and extended SDS

The new eSDS format includes CLP and Exposure Scenario

1 Exposure Scenario (1)
<i>Title of exposure scenario</i>
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure for ...
2.2 Contributing scenario (2) controlling worker exposure for ...
2.3 Contributing scenario (3) controlling worker exposure for ...
2.n Contributing scenario (n) controlling worker exposure for ...
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source
Information for contributing scenario (1)
Information on contributing scenario (2)
Information on contributing scenario (3)
Information on contributing scenario (n)
4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

4.4

eSDS of your mixture or article

1. Receive **components'** eSDS

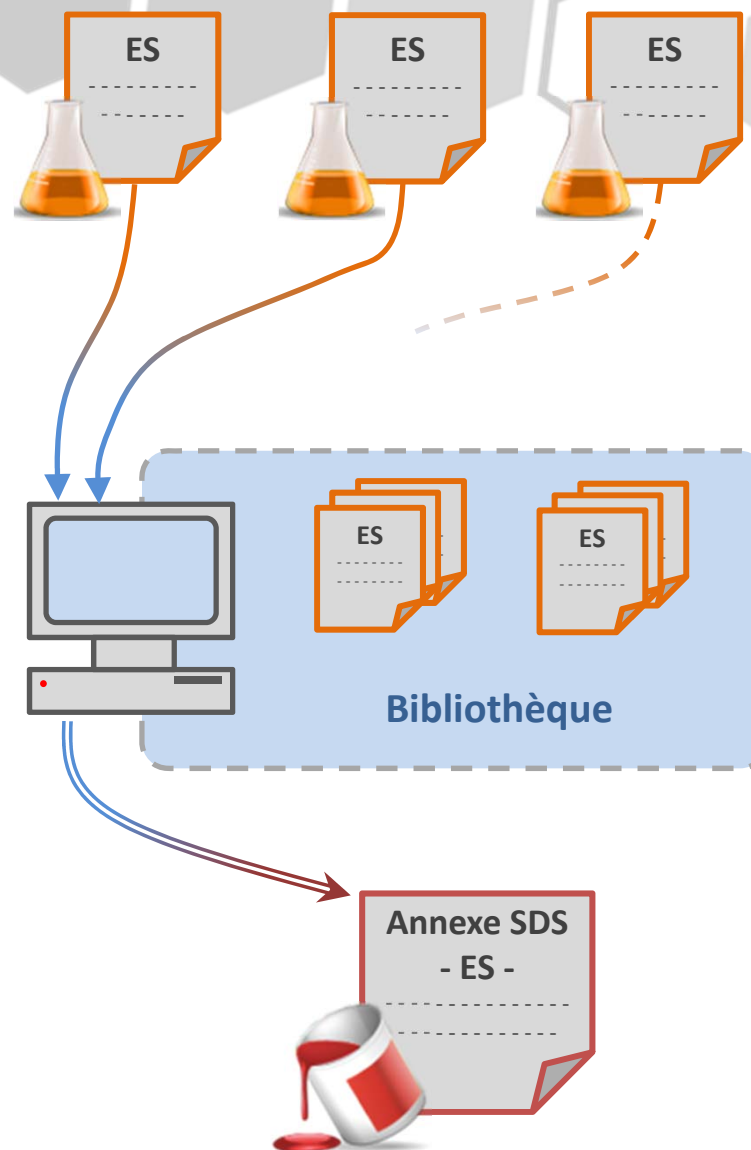
Or use Registration Dossier (**CSR**)

2. Select **components** that should be taken into account

3. Cross with **known uses**

4. Select Operating conditions (**OCs**) and Risk Management Measures (**RMMs**)

5. **Spread** eSDS of your mixture or article





5.

Management of Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

5.1

What is a Safety Data Sheet?

REACH dossier

Exposure scenario

CLP classification



Contains information
on the hazard of dangerous
SUBSTANCES & MIXTURES



Drafted in the **LANGUAGE** of
the **EUROPEAN COUNTRY** it
is intended for

Must be **UPDATED** each time **NEW INFORMATION**
regarding hazards become available

5.2

As a supplier, you need to provide a SDS

If:

- A **substance classified** as hazardous according to CLP
- A **mixture classified** as dangerous according to the Dangerous Preparations Directive (until 1 June 2015) and according to CLP (from 1 June 2015)
- A substance that is **PBT or vPvB**, as defined in REACH (Annex XIII)
- A substance that is included in the **candidate list** of substances of very high concern

5.3

Update and re-issue of the safety data sheet

- as soon as **new information** that may affect the risk management measures becomes available
- once an **Authorisation** under REACH has been granted or refused
- once a **Restriction** under REACH has been imposed

5.4

The 16 compulsory section of a SDS

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and the company/undertaking	9. Physical and chemical properties
2. Hazards identification (assessment)	10. Stability and reactivity
3. Composition/information on ingredients	11. Toxicological information
4. First aid measures	12. Ecological information
5. Fire fighting measures	13. Disposal considerations
6. Accidental release measures	14. Transport information
7. Handling and storage	15. Regulatory information
8 Exposure controls / personal protection	16. Other information

5.5

SDS & eSDS: how to manage?



5.6

SDS & eSDS: how to manage?

If a Chemical Safety Report (CSR) is NOT required

SDS before
REACH & CLP

Verification &
modification of
the 16 sections

SDS is REACH
& CLP compliant

Extended SDS

Data of the CSR
Annex 1
Exposure scenario

**If a Chemical
Safety Report
(CSR) is required**



SVHC traceability & management

6.

6.1

What is a SVHC substance?

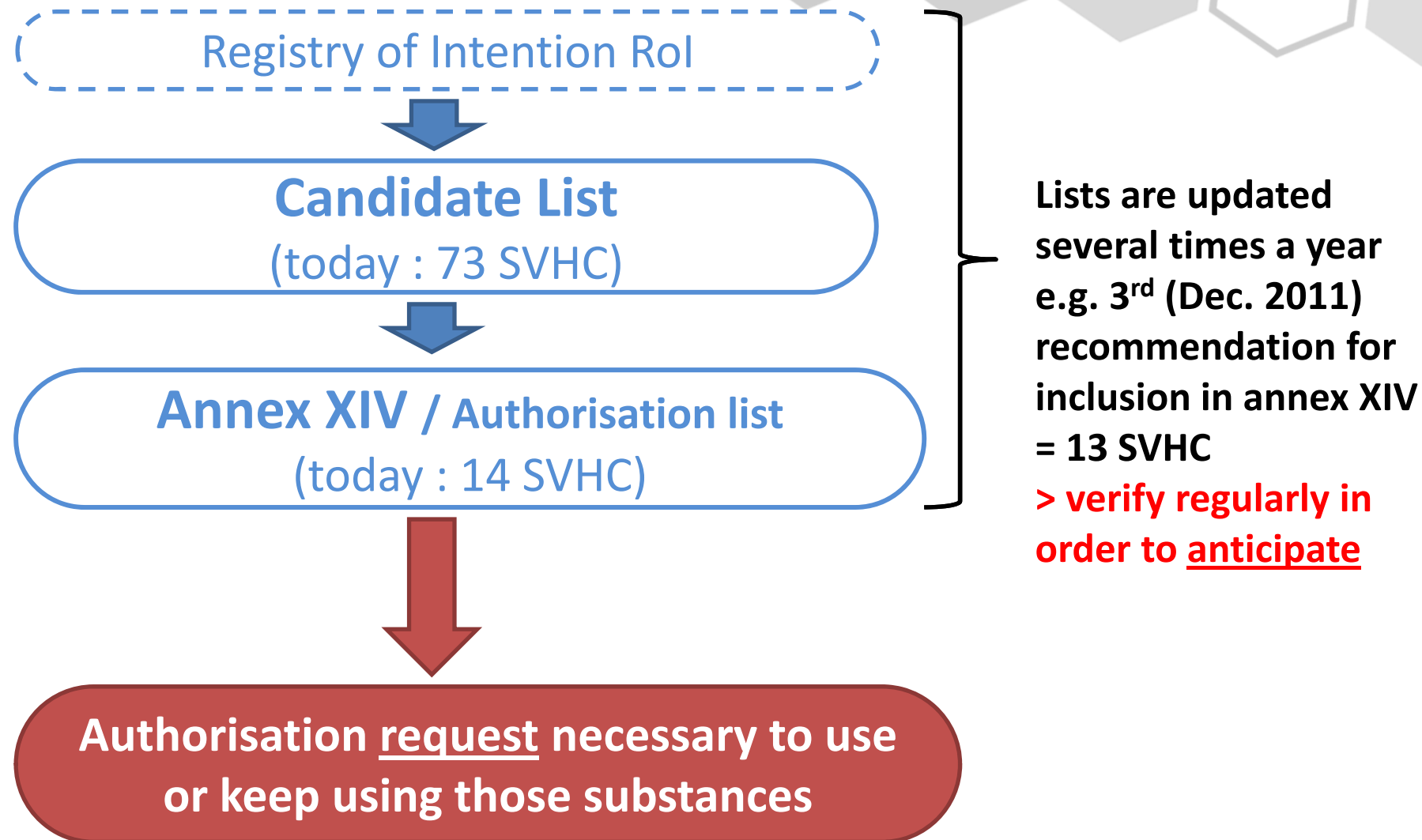
Substances of Very High Concern are:

- Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic to Reproduction (**CMR**)
- and/or Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (**PBT**)
- and/or very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (**vPvB**),
- and/or identified as of an **equivalent level of concern** as those above, e.g. endocrine disruptors

Substances to be properly CONTROLLED and progressively REPLACED by suitable alternative substances or technologies

6.2

Candidate and Authorisation lists



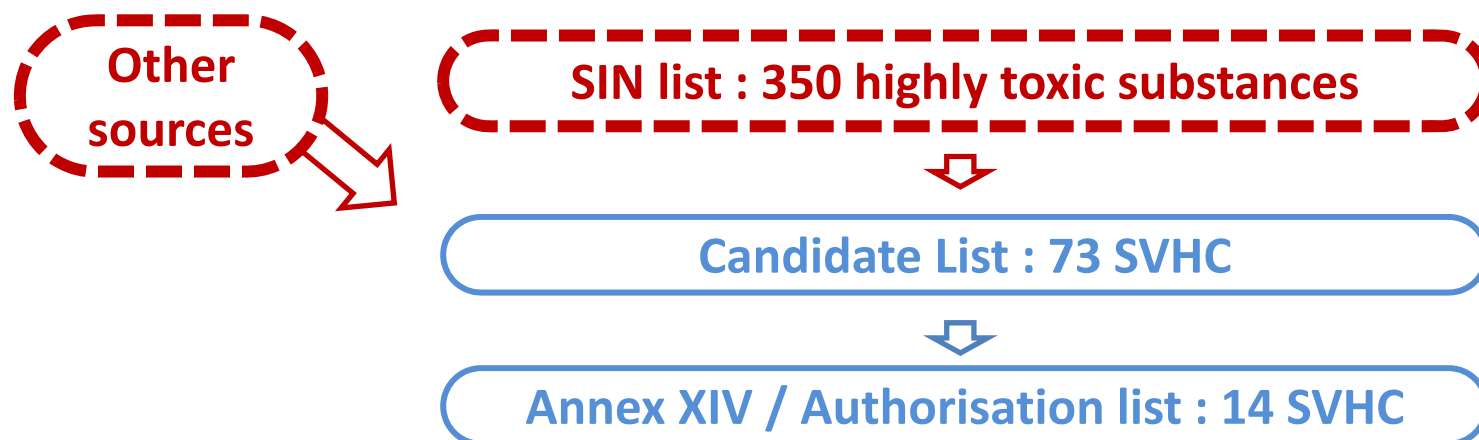
6.3

Anticipate SVHC substances with the SIN list

SIN list (Substitute It Now) – from NGOs and industry

List of substances that are likely to make it onto the SVHC list.

The SIN list came about because companies wanted to know if the chosen replacements would turn up banned in the future.



6.4

SVHC obligations for downstream users

Assess your obligation to notify your SVHC to ECHA as from June 1, 2011

You must inform ECHA on the presence of SVHC in your articles if:

- A SVHC is present in your articles in a concentration $> 0.1\%$ (w/w), **AND**
- The substance is present in those articles in quantities totaling over 1 ton per producer or importer per year, **AND**
- The substance has not been registered under REACH for that use.

Inform your clients when SVHC are present

If your articles contain SVHC above 0.1% (w/w):

- The supplier must inform spontaneously its clients and provide sufficient information to allow safe use of the article.
- On request by consumers, you must inform them for free of the presence of SVHC within 45 days.

6.5

SVHC forecasts:

Today:

- 73 SVHC in the candidate list
- ECHA launched a public consultation for 13 SVHC for inclusion in Annex XIV

In 2012: Probably 136 new SVHC

In 2018: Probably 300 new SVHC

6.6

8 new SVHC in annex XIV:

(Regulation EU/125/2012)

- ❑ DIBP (diisobutyl phthalate)
- ❑ Diarsenic trioxide
- ❑ Diarsenic pentaoxide
- ❑ Lead chromate
- ❑ Lead sulfochromate yellow
- ❑ Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red
- ❑ TCEP(Tri (2-chlorethyl) phosphate
- ❑ 2,4-DNT (2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

6.7

Authorisation decision

shall specify:

- ✓ the person(s) to whom the Authorisation is granted
- ✓ the identity of the substance(s)
- ✓ the use(s) for which it is granted
- ✓ any conditions under which it is granted
- ✓ a time-limited review period (case-by-case approach)
- ✓ any monitoring arrangement

6.8

US companies and Authorization

- **A US-importer can continue placing an Annex XIV substance on the market for a use for which his immediate downstream user has been granted an Authorization.**
- **A US-Importer can apply for an Authorization through a duly mandated Only Representative (OR)**

(Manual and IUCLID 5 last version will be published & released during summer 2012)

6.9

Obligation of notification to ECHA

If:

One SVHC > 0.1% (w/w)

AND

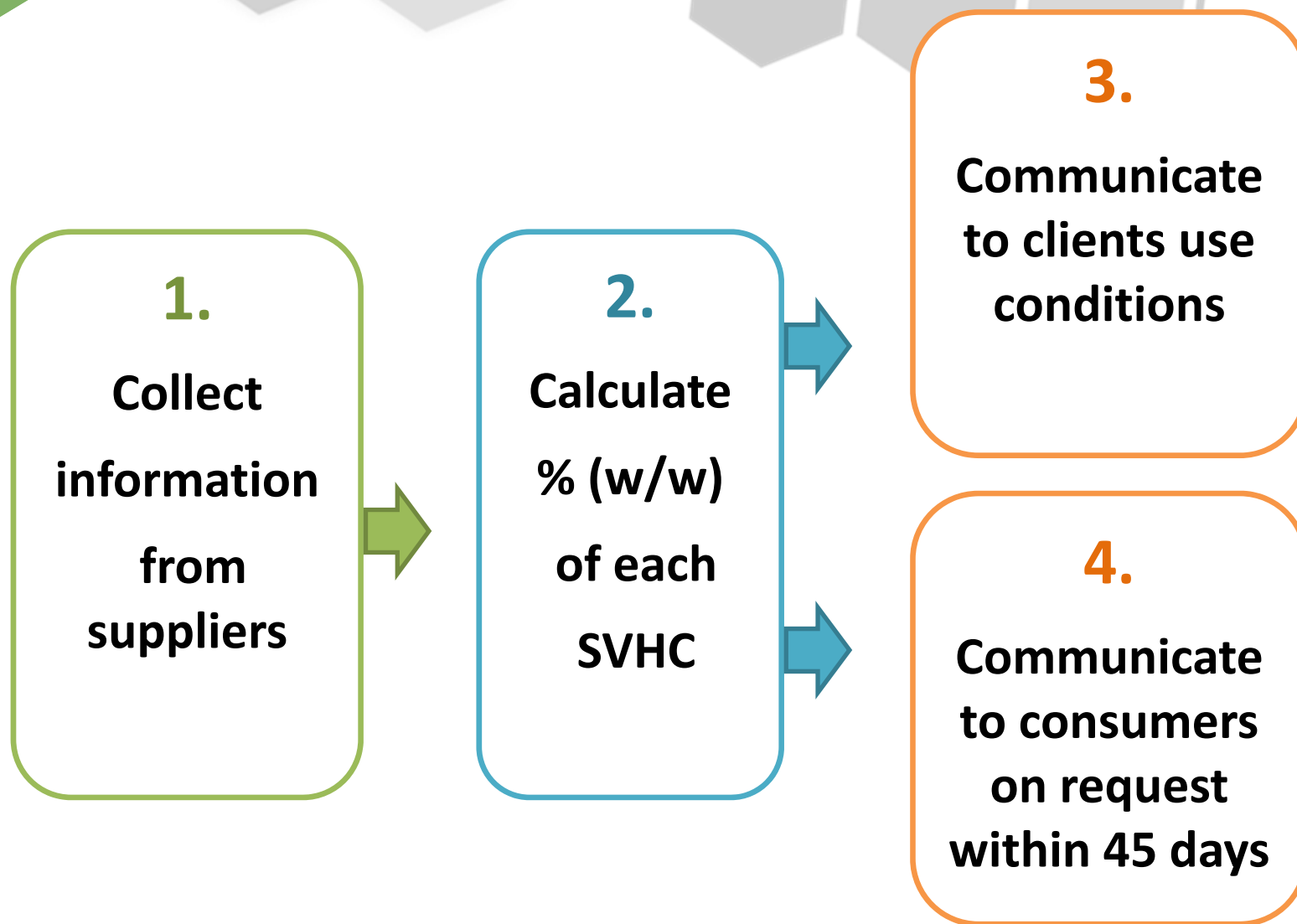
Substance has not been registered in REACH for this use

AND

Substance in articles
> 1 tonne / year / manufacturer or importer

6.10

Obligation to inform



6.11

Your actions for full compliance

- Set up a **SVHC traceability policy** for your products.
- Spontaneously **inform your clients** when SVHC are present above 0.1% (w/w).
- **Anticipate** Authorization or/and Restriction status of SVHC substances.
- Improve the **communication with your suppliers**.

6.12

Authorization: a COMPLEX procedure

Applicant can be:

- A manufacturer, an importer, or a downstream user,
- Or any combination.

Submission can be for:

- One or several uses
- One substance or one group of substances

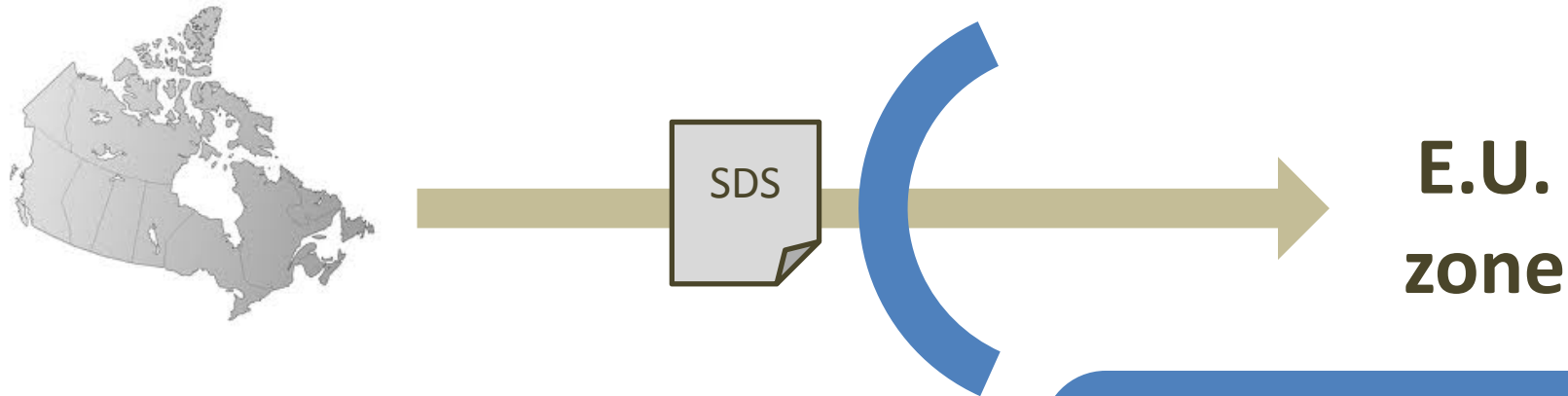
Elaboration of the dossier requests:

- Bringing together different facets of the company
- Deciding of a strategy in the way of using the data (including confidential aspects)



Practical questions

REACH and EU' customs



SDS is the principal
control tool

The enforcement is of
the responsibility of the
member-states and
differs among them

Penalties:

fine, seizure, ban on manufacturing or on export.

Example of France:

- A national text (Circulaire, DGDDI, 30 March 2010) allows customs to **control frequently**
- Controls are concentrated on **products coming from outside the EU zone.**
- More than **3500 controls in 2009**; among them, 2000 on the **SDS**
- **Many services are involved:** National Labs, Occupational inspectors, business Competition agency...
- Fine can be up to **€ 75 000**

Costs / REACH conformity

Registration cost

Low scenario
30% cases

ECHA expenses	1 200 €
Access to the studies	< 2 000 €
Elaboration of the dossier	2 000 €
Total	< 5 000 €

Middle scénario
60% cases
in 2013

ECHA expenses	2 000 €
Access to the studies	5 - 20 000 €
Elaboration of the dossier	3 000 €
Total	10 000 – 25 000 €

High scénario
10% cases

ECHA expenses	25 000 €
Access to the studies	50 000 – 200 000 €
Elaboration of the dossier	25 000 €
Total	100 000 - 250 000 €

Costs / REACH conformity

SDS

Regulatory fees	0 €
Time for updating	2 - 8 hours / SDS

SVHC

Regulatory fees	0 €
Time for updating	4 hours / supplier

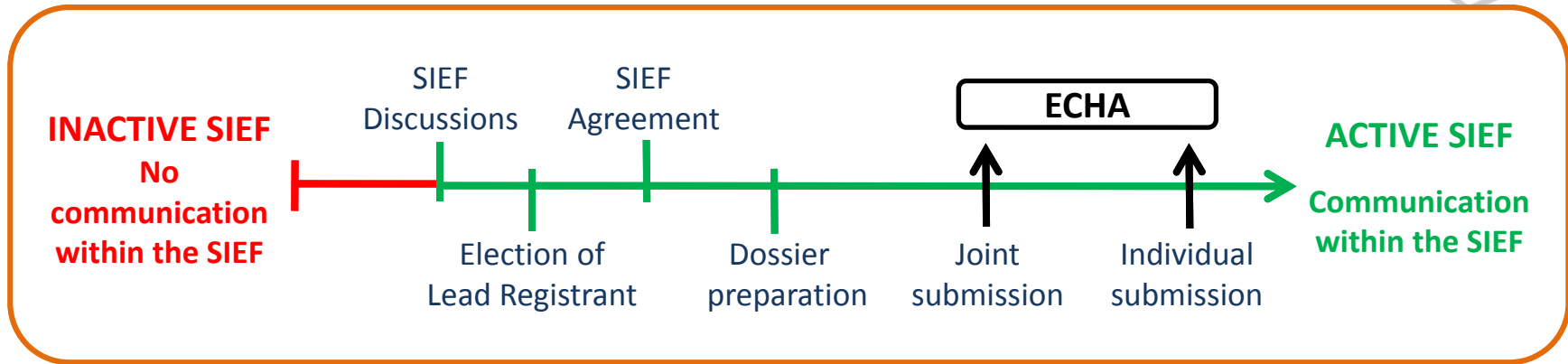
CLP Notification

Regulatory fees	0 €
Time for updating	1 hour / substance



You should not neglect the costs bound to the implementation of a system of follow-up and traceability.

What is the functioning of a SIEF?



- **Process:**
- **Exchange of data with other SIEF members**
- **Sameness**
- **Share of the costs**

> **very complex to handle communication + sharing of data + costs**

Difference between a SIEF/consortium

SIEF

Substance Information Exchange Forum

One SIEF = One substance

A SIEF includes all the companies that preregistered the same substance.

Purpose of the SIEF

- Exchange toxicological & ecotoxicological data
- Name a Lead Registrant
- Share the cost of testing
- Agree on the hazard classification

Mandatory participation

CONSORTIUM

Le consortium is not ruled by REACH

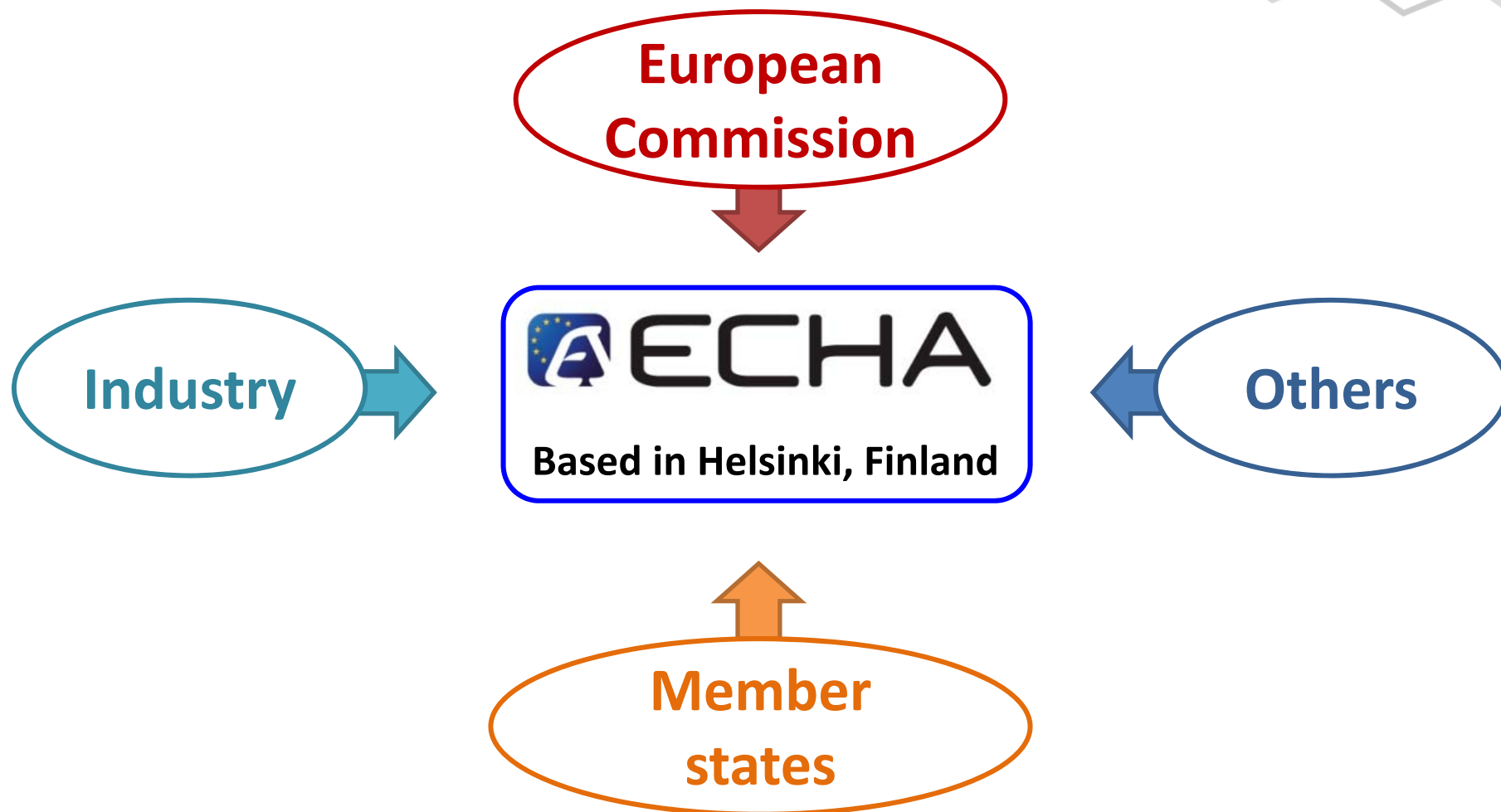
Purpose of the consortium

- Define a legal context
- Cover a family of substances
- Encourage read-across

Voluntary participation

2010 - - - - - ➔ **2018**

Who rules REACH in Europe?



REACH Registration dossier

Technical
dossier



Chemical
Safety
Report



Compulsory if produced / imported subst. > 1 t/y

Contents the argued intrinsic properties:

- physico-chemistry,
- toxicology,
- ecotoxicology.



Compulsory if produced / imported subst. > 10 t/y

Contents

- Hazards' evaluation,
- Exposures evaluation (if dangerous),
- Risk characterization (if dangerous).

FDS is the communication tool for chemical risk management

A REACH regulation soon in the US?

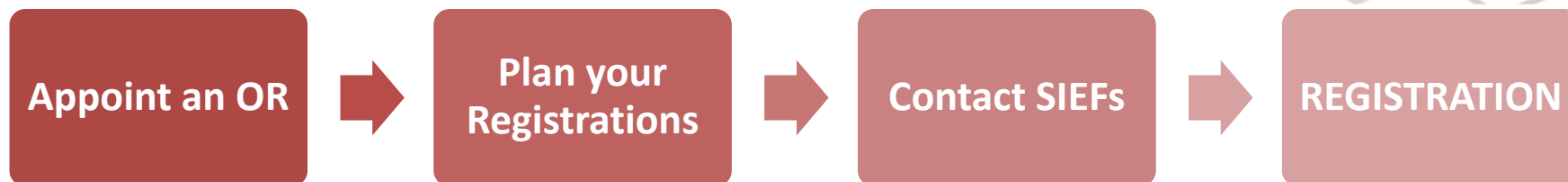
- Since 1976, the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) interpretation and enforcement have been fleeting >> According to US-EPA, the only sensible way to improve it is to create a registration, evaluation, and authorization process.
- The California Green Chemistry initiative has REACH-like requirements.
- State by state, regional laws are trying to regulate chemicals in products but the result makes often managing compliance a challenge... Whereas manufacturers and chemical companies want one simple set of rules to adhere to.



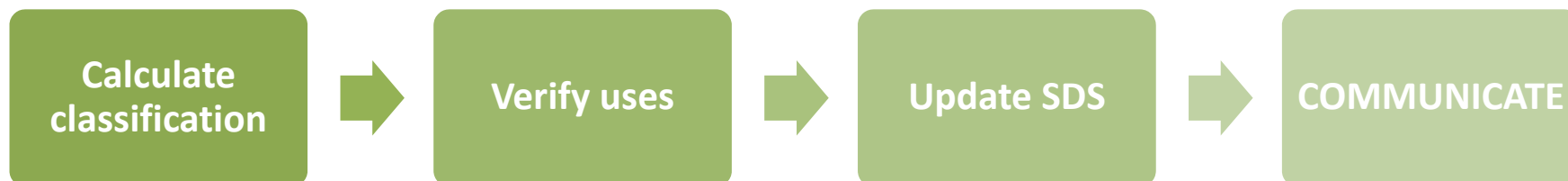
Key actions & solutions

3 situations: your key actions

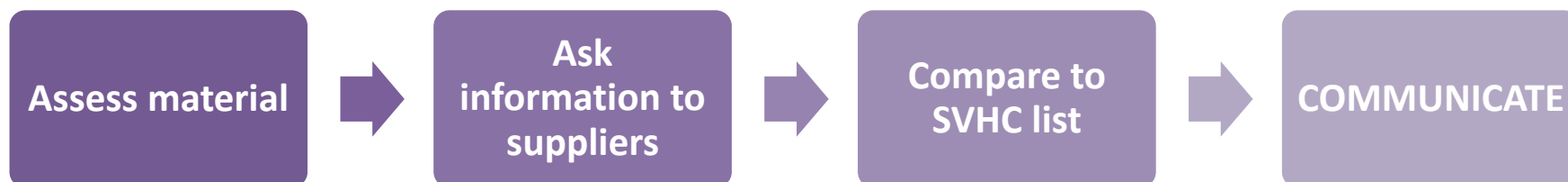
YOU EXPORT SUBSTANCES



YOU EXPORT DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES



YOU EXPORT ARTICLES



1. "Who am I " (according to REACH):

- a. A substances exporter
- b. A mixtures exporter
- c. An articles exporters

2. My compliance: what is at stake?

- a. It's a customer communication stake.
- b. It would affect me on my market.
- c. It's critical for my business.

Substance or mixture importer:

3. Calculate your tonnages
4. Check Registration deadlines
5. Calculate costs
6. Take your decision about Registration
7. As you cannot register chemicals by yourself, choose: Only Representative or a Branche in EU or an Importer based in EU

Article importer:

3. No substance import?
4. Sorting of the portfolio
5. Evaluation of the system of collection
6. **Decision to take action**
7. Realization of a pilot?

8. How to perpetuate my REACH actions?

9. Internal and external resources?

10... Come to greet the speakers 😊

REACH Factory six web tools



Use Cases Collection



Regulated use of
substances



SVHC traceability &
management



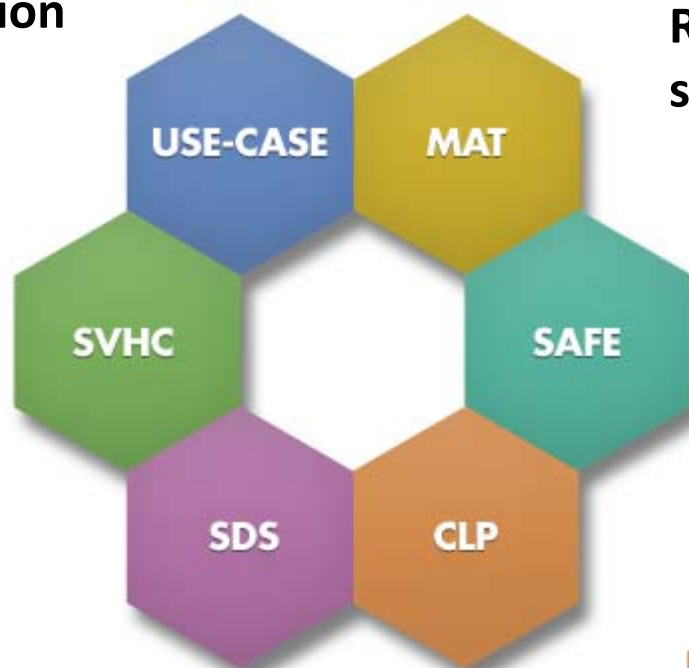
Workers' safety



Safety Data Sheets
management

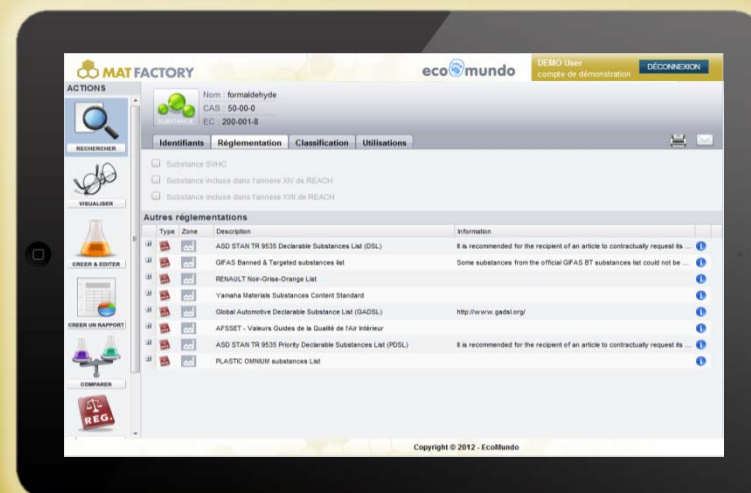


CLP (GHS) compliance



Functionalities

- Look into all **substances and materials** use cases depending on regulations, countries and industries
- Customize the database with **your own mixtures**
- Manage your own substances database and **create your alerts**
- **Compare properties** of various mixtures
- Develop your **substitution strategy**

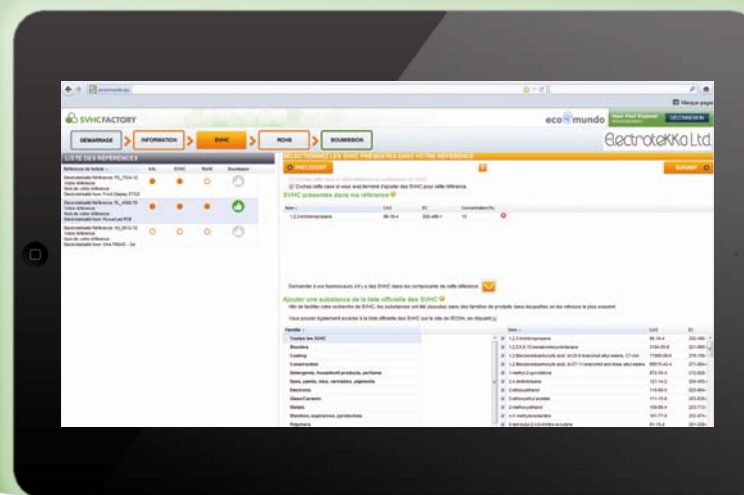


KEY BENEFITS

- A database of more than 100,000 substances & materials
- Numerous international regulations already registered
- Real-time update of regulations and lists of substances

Functionalities

- Access the **updated list of SVHC** substances published by ECHA
- Collect information **from all your suppliers** regarding the presence of SVHC in their articles
- Add **your own lists of substances** (blacklist, RoHS, ASD, etc.)

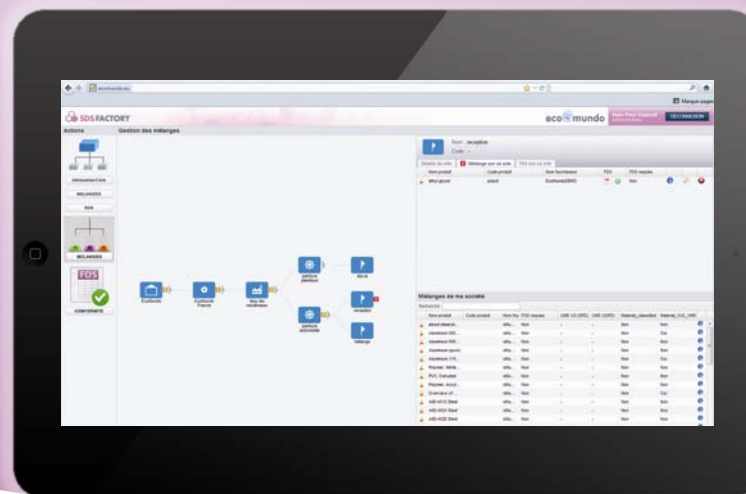


KEY BENEFITS

- Real-time update of very hazardous substances
- Sharing of information with unlimited number of suppliers
- Summary document to be exported

Functionalities

- Create **your company's organisation chart**, from legal entities to individual positions
- **Store all your SDS** within one web database
- Link **SDS to mixtures** that are present on site
- Receive **automated alerts** on missing SDS
- Allow each employee to consult his SDS
- Contact **all your suppliers** and collect SDS

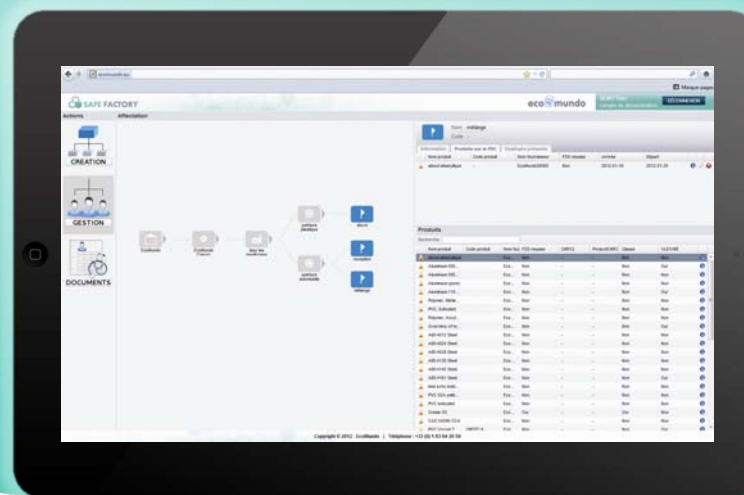


KEY BENEFITS

- **Control the compliance of your SDS in all your entities**
- **Save time on the management of SDS thanks to alerts**
- **Easy and quick access to data**

Functionalities

- Create the **company's organisation chart**, from legal entities to individual positions
- Manage and track all **workers' exposure** with a unique tool
- Develop **individual exposure data sheets** with standard calculation methods
- Create **position data sheets** for the whole company

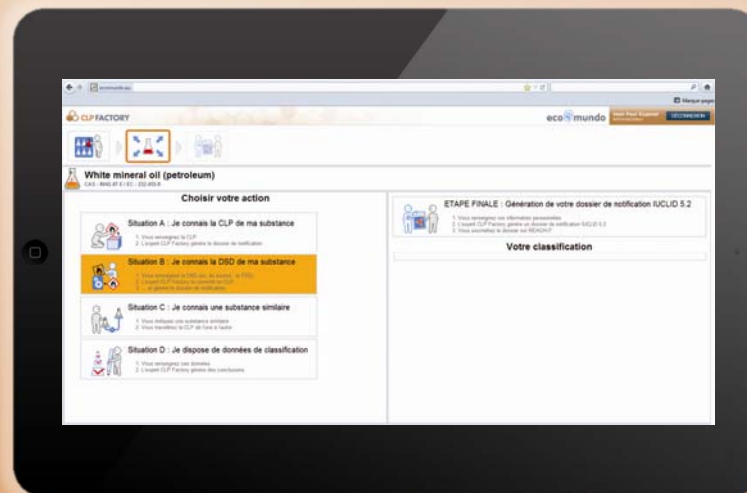


KEY BENEFITS

- Adapted to all companies, from SMEs to larger international groups
- Overview of the group's various legal entities
- Import and export data easily

Functionalities

- Convert your substances **from DSD to CLP** classification
- Define **CLP classification** of your substances from existing data
- Generate **IUCLID notification dossier**
- **Create your own mixtures** and get the corresponding CLP classification



KEY BENEFITS

- **Rigorous conversion between old and new classification**
- **Quick creation of your labels**

Functionalities

- Register your use cases according to use descriptors
- Communicate your use cases **to your suppliers**
- Generate **automated requests** for your customers
- Collect your **customers' use cases**



KEY BENEFITS

- Quick and easy communication between customers and suppliers
- Compliance check of use cases' description format